Jervis Bay Territory (Coronavirus Emergency—Directions) (No.1)

Jervis Bay Territory Emergency Management Ordinance 2015

I, Justin Houlahan, AFP Officer-in-Charge, delegate of the Minister under the Minister’s Jervis Bay Territory Emergency Management Ordinance Delegation Instrument 2016 (No. 1):

REVOKE the directions made on 25 March 2020 (set out in Schedule 1 to that instrument);

MAKE, under subsections 19(1) and 20(1) of the Ordinance, the DIRECTIONS set out in Schedule 1.

Dated 27 March 2020

Justin Houlahan
AFP Officer-in-Charge
Schedule 1 – Directions regarding gatherings

1. Definitions

For the purposes of these directions:

**ACT liquor legislation** means the Liquor Act 2010 (ACT), and any regulations made under or for the purposes of this Act, as in force in the Territory under section 4A of the Jervis Bay Territory Acceptance Act 1915.

**amusement centre** means a building or place (not being part of a pub or registered club) used principally for playing:

(a) billiards, pool or other like games, or
(b) electronic or mechanical amusement devices, such as pinball machines, computer or video games and the like.

**camping ground** means an area of land that has access to communal amenities and on which campervans or tents, annexes or other similar portable and lightweight temporary shelters are, or are to be, installed, erected or placed for short term use.

**caravan park** means land (including a camping ground) on which caravans (or caravans and other moveable dwellings) are, or are to be, installed or placed.

**cellar door premises** means a building or place that is used to sell wine by retail and that is situated on land on which there is a commercial vineyard, and where most of the wine offered for sale is produced in a winery situated on that land or is produced predominantly from grapes grown in the surrounding area.

**community facility** means a building or place (other than educational establishment, hospital, retail premises, place of public worship or residential accommodation):

(a) owned or controlled by a public authority or non-profit community organisation, and
(b) used for the physical, social, cultural or intellectual development or welfare of the community.

**entertainment facility** means a theatre, cinema, music hall, concert hall, dance hall and the like.

**essential gathering** means:

(a) a gathering at an airport that is necessary for the normal business of the airport;
(b) a gathering for the purposes of or related to transportation, including in vehicles or at stations, platforms or stops or other public transportation facilities;
(c) a gathering at a hospital or other medical or health service facility that is necessary for the normal business of the facility;
(d) a gathering for the purposes of emergency services;
(e) a gathering at a prison, correctional facility, youth justice centre or other place of custody;
(f) a gathering at a disability or aged care facility that is necessary for the normal business of the facility;
(g) a gathering at a court or tribunal;
(h) a gathering at Parliament for the purpose of its normal operations;
(i) a gathering at a supermarket, food market, grocery store or shopping centre (but not a retail store in a shopping centre other than a supermarket, food market or grocery store) that is necessary for the normal business of the supermarket, market, store or centre;
(j) a gathering at a retail store that is necessary for the normal business of the store;
(k) a gathering at an office building, farm, factory or mining or construction site that is necessary for the normal operation of the building, farm, factory or site;
(l) a gathering at a school, university or other educational institution or child care facility that is necessary for the normal business of the school, university, institution or facility but does not include a school event that involves members of the community in addition to staff and students;
(m) a gathering at a hotel, motel or other accommodation facility that is necessary for the normal operation of accommodation services at that hotel, motel or other facility;
(n) a gathering at an outdoor space where 500 or more persons may be present for the purposes of transiting through the place.

food and drink premises means premises that are used for the preparation and retail sale of food or drink (or both) for immediate consumption on or off the premises, and includes a restaurant or cafe, take away food and drink premises, a pub or a small bar.

indoor space means an area, room or other premises that is or are substantially enclosed by a roof and walls, regardless of whether the roof or walls or any part of the roof or walls are:
(a) permanent or temporary, or
(b) open or closed.

information and education facility means a building or place used for providing information or education to visitors, and the exhibition or display of items, and includes an art gallery, museum, library, visitor information centre and the like.

mass gathering:
(a) means a gathering:
   (i) of 500 or more persons in a single undivided outdoor space at the same time, or
   (ii) of 100 or more persons in a single undivided indoor space at the same time, but
(b) does not include:
   (i) an essential gathering, or
   (ii) a gathering exempted, in writing, by an emergency services officer.

occupier of premises or a part of premises (including premises that are vacant) means:
(a) the owner of the premises or part, or
(b) if any other person is entitled to occupy the premises or part to the exclusion of the owner, the person so entitled.

outdoor space means a space that is not an indoor space.

place of public worship means a building or place used for the purpose of religious worship by a congregation or religious group, whether or not the building or place is also used for counselling, social events, instruction or religious training.

pub means licensed premises under the ACT liquor legislation the principal purpose of which is the retail sale of liquor for consumption on the premises, whether or not the premises include hotel or motel accommodation and whether or not food is sold or entertainment is provided on the premises.

recreation facility (indoor) means a building or place used predominantly for indoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a squash court, indoor swimming pool, gymnasium, table tennis centre, health studio, bowling alley, ice rink or any other building or place of a like character used for indoor recreation.

recreation facility (outdoor) means a building or place (other than a recreation area) used predominantly for outdoor recreation, whether or not operated for the purposes of gain, including a golf course, golf driving range, mini-golf centre, tennis court, paint-ball centre, lawn bowling green, outdoor swimming pool, equestrian centre, skate board ramp, go-kart track, rifle range,
water-ski centre or any other building or place of a like character used for outdoor recreation (including any ancillary buildings).

registered club means a club that holds a club licence under the ACT liquor legislation.

2. Direction against mass gatherings

(1) A person must not enter any of the following places, and the following places are closed:
   (a) premises at which a mass gathering is occurring;
   (b) premises at which a gathering is occurring where the premises is not sufficient to ensure there is 4 square metres of space for each person on the premises.

(2) A person must leave a place where there is a mass gathering, or where a gathering is occurring where the place is not sufficient to ensure there is 4 square metres of space for each person on the premises.

(3) Subclauses (1) and (2) do not apply to:
   (a) an essential gathering, or
   (b) a gathering at a person’s place of residence.

3. Direction against places of social gathering

(1) The following places are closed to members of the public, and a member of the public must not enter the place:
   (a) pubs and registered clubs, except for the purposes of:
      (i) selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises, or
      (ii) if the premises include hotel or motel accommodation, providing that accommodation including by providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms,
   (b) food and drink premises (other than pubs), except for the purposes of:
      (i) selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises, or
      (ii) if the premises are part of hotel or motel accommodation, providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms, or
      (iii) if the premises are part of a shopping centre, selling food or beverages for persons to consume outside of the shopping centre,
   (c) entertainment facilities,
   (d) amusement centres,
   (e) casinos, except for the purposes of, if the premises include hotel or motel accommodation, providing that accommodation including by providing food or beverages to persons using that accommodation to consume in their rooms,
   (f) micro-breweries or small distilleries holding a drink on-premises authorisation under the ACT liquor legislation or cellar door premises, except for the purposes of selling food or beverages for persons to consume off the premises,
   (g) recreation facilities (indoor),
   (h) places of public worship, except for the purposes of conducting the following:
      (i) a wedding service at which there are no more than 5 persons (including the person conducting the service),
      (ii) a funeral service at which there are no more than 10 persons (including the person conducting the service),
   (i) business premises that are spas, nail salons, beauty salons, waxing salons, tanning salons, tattoo parlours or massage parlours,
   (j) business premises that are auction houses or betting agencies,
   (k) markets, but not markets that sell food,
(l) information and education facilities,
(m) caravan parks and camping grounds, except for the purposes of:
   (i) accommodating permanent residents of the caravan park or camping ground or
       other persons who have no other place of permanent residence, and
   (ii) allowing visitors to visit persons referred to in subparagraph (i), and
   (iii) continuing a stay under a booking made before 26 March 2020 and that has not
       been extended after that date, where the person was staying there immediately
       before 26 March 2020.
(n) community facilities,
(o) sex service premises.

(2) To avoid doubt, the following places are closed to members of the public, and a member of
    the public must not enter the place:
   (a) a public swimming pool,
   (b) a property (other than a retail shop) operated by the National Trust or the Historic Houses
       Trust,
   (c) a gaming lounge,
   (d) a strip club.

(3) The following places are closed to members of the public, and a member of the public must
    not enter the place:
   (a) a place where an open inspection of premises is being conducted for the purposes of the
       sale or lease of the premises, except where a single party is being shown the premises
       after the party has made an appointment for that purpose,
   (b) a place where an auction is being conduct at which persons attend in person (except a
       livestock auction conducted outside for food supply purposes),
   (c) a place where a fitness class (including personal training or a boot camp) is being
       conducted, unless it is conducted outside and there are no more than 10 persons
       participating (including the person conducting the class),
   (d) a place where a social sporting activity is underway, unless it takes place outside and
       there are no more than 10 persons participating in the activity.

(4) Nothing in this clause prevents the use of a place, or entry into a place:
   (a) to provide a voluntary service to assist vulnerable members of the public, for example a
       food bank or a service providing for the needs of homeless people, or
   (b) as an early education and care facility.

(5) Subclause (1) does not apply to a place specified by an emergency services officer in writing.